NOTE TO: D/OSWR
D/OGI
SUBJECT: Omnibus Trade Act of 1987, S. 490

Please take appropriate action on the attached memo. If you have any comments, contact (OCA) directly.

Thanks,

STAT

EA/DDA

Attachment
cc: C/TTAC



STAT

10 March 1987 OCA 87-0846

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Executive Director Chairman, National Intelligence Council Deputy Director for Intelligence	
FROM:	Legislation Division Office of Congressional Affairs	STAT
SUBJECT:	Omnibus Trade Act of 1987, S. 490	
REFERENCE:	OCA 87-0746	
involve trade as sections are simm. Senate bills which we are bringing of quite possible the passed in this Agency may be affected. 2. Section and Representative to the United States this issue will be the Trade Expansionational security Data Committee, would be a member international trade. 3. If you have	All requires the United States Trade of monitor the transfer of technology between and foreign countries. An annual report on be submitted to Congress. Section 501 amends ion Act of 1962 to require the President to on with respect to imports which threaten the y. Section 603 establishes a National Trade of which the Director of Central Intelligence r, to collect and disseminate data on add matters.	1
Attachment DISTRIBUTION: 1 - Each Address 1 - D/OCA 1 - DDL/OCA 1 - DD/SA/OCA		STAT
1 - DD/SA/OCA 1 - DD/HA/OCA	rogc	STAT
l - OCA Registry	7	
<pre>1 - Signer Copy 1 - OCA/LEG/Subj</pre>		STAT
OCA/LEG/	(10 Mar 87)	STAT

theection (k) and		167
absection (k) and in-	1	(2) United States firms that rely on intellectual
1 Subsection (1)	2	property protection are among the most advanced and
n subsection (k) and	3	competitive in the world;
to seize, notifies";	4	(3) foreign barriers, including restrictions and con-
out a	5	ditions on investment, licensing, and various other reg-
subsection (1) and	6	ulatory restrictions on business operations, seriously
	7	impede the ability of United States firms that rely on
e Act entitled "An	8	intellectual property protection to operate overseas
made, produced,	9	thereby harming the economic int
by unexpired valid	10	thereby harming the economic interests of the United States;
poses", approved	11	
337a) is repealed.	12	(4) improvement in intellectual property rights
ents made by this	13	protection will come about through a combination of
90 days after the	14	negotiation, vigorous enforcement of United States
	15	trade laws, and training of developing country officials
hnology	16	in the enactment and enforcement of trademark, copy-
		right, and patent laws;
	17	(5) an overall strategy is needed to eliminate the
lootus I	18	broad variety of unfair and discriminatory trade prac-
lectual property	19	tices now imposed on United States firms that rely on
npetitiveness of	20	intellectual property protection;
protection and	21	
s and loss of	22	(6) foreign government requirements to transfer
	23	technology or divulge technical data as a condition to
	24	importation are unreasonable burdens on United States
	4 1	commerce, result in inequitable flows of technology,

1	and further risk inadequate protection of intellectual
2	property;
3	(7) the enormous disparity in technology flows is a
4	major factor in the trade gap between the United
5	States and several of its trading partners;
6	(8) access to basic research and technology devel-
7	oped in foreign countries, including government-owned
8	or government-sponsored research, is essential to
9	achieve reciprocity in international competition; and
10	(9) equitable technology exchange should be both
11	a bilateral and multilateral negotiating objective.
12	SEC. 412. MONITORING OF TECHNOLOGY TRANSFERS.
13	(a) In General.—The United States Trade Represent-
14	ative, in conjunction with the National Science Foundation,
15	shall continually monitor the transfer of technology between
16	the United States and foreign countries.
17	(b) REPORT.—The United States Trade Representative,
18	in conjunction with the National Science Foundation, shall
19	prepare an annual report on the transfer of technology be-
20	tween the United States and foreign countries and include
21	such report in the report submitted to Congressional commit-
22	tees under section 181(b)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
23	U.S.C. 2241(b)(1)).

of intellectual

ology flows is a en the United

ennology develernment-owned s essential to etition; and should be both bjective.

SFERS.

rade Representice Foundation, nology between

Representative, undation, shall technology bees and include sional commitet of 1974 (19

1	SEC. 413. MONITORING FOREIGN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
2	SYSTEMS.
3	The Secretary of Commerce shall designate a Foreign
4	Commercial Service Officer in a foreign country to be respon-
5	sible for monitoring and reporting on the status of the intel-
6	lectual property system in such country, including responsi-
7	bility for—
8	(1) the maintenance of current files on intellectual
9	property protection afforded on a sector-by-sector basis
10	by such country;
11	(2) the filing of an annual report with the Secre-
12	tary of Commerce on changes to such laws in each
13	sector; and
14	(3) upon request, informing potential United
15	States exporters and foreign direct investors of protec-
16	tion afforded intellectual property rights in such
17	country.
18	SEC. 414. FOREIGN ASSISTANCE FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PRO-
19	GRAMS TO PROTECT INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
20	RIGHTS.
21	Chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of
22	1961 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following
23	new section:
24	"Sec. 129. Protection of Intellectual Proper-
25	TY RIGHTS.—(a) The Congress finds that the adequate pro-
26	tection of intellectual property rights should be an important

1	element to the commercial, market, and economic develop
2	ment of developing countries encouraged by this chapter.
3	"(b)(1) The President is authorized to furnish assistance
4	after consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, on such
5	terms and conditions as he may determine, for programs to
6	aid less developed countries in developing and implementing
7	adequate intellectual property laws and in developing their
8	own indigenous technology.
9	"(2) The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the
10	Patent and Trademark Office and the United States Copy-
11	right Office, shall identify the technical assistance needs of
12	less developed countries under this section.
13	"(c) The assistance described in subsection (b) shall—
14	"(1) help provide less developed countries with
15	the resources necessary for the design, development,
16	administration, implementation, and enforcement of a
17	system of intellectual property laws;
18	"(2) emphasize the creation of a capability within
19	the developing countries to engage in indigenous re-
20	search and development and to generate the technol-
21	ogies necessary for their economic and social develop-
22	ment;
23	"(3) help build intellectual property systems nec-
24	essary for a domestic environment capable of support-
25	ing research and development;

conomic develop.		1	"(4) expand current programs to aid the develop-
this chapter.		2	ment of the research and development capability itself,
ırnish assistance,	: : :	3	in exchange for adequate protection of all forms of in-
nmerce, on such	÷	4	tellectual property, for foreign as well as domestic in-
for programs to	And the second	5	novators; and
nd implementing		6	"(5) coordinate bilateral scientific exchange pro-
developing their		7	grams with the public and private sector to help stimu-
	: : :	8	late local research and development.
ng through the	÷	9	"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chap-
d States Copy.		10	ter, funds appropriated pursuant to this chapter shall be
stance needs of	\$ 6	11	available to carry out the provisions of this section.".
		12	SEC. 415. UNITED STATES INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY TRAIN-
tion (b) shall—	#	13	ING INSTITUTE.
countries with	and the second second	14	(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTITUTE.—The Secretary
development,	s jedina skilate meja	15	of Commerce, in cooperation with the representatives de-
orcement of a		16	scribed in subsection (b), shall establish the United States
	a ter en stadigeskept	17	Intellectual Property Training Institute (hereinafter in this
pability within	هوڙيهي بي محدود ا	18	section referred to as the "Institute").
indigenous re-	es established to the	19	(b) BOARD OF INSTITUTE.—The Institute shall be di-
e the technol-	e Marie de Careca de Carec	20	rected by a Board including representatives of—
ocial develop-	শান্ত পৃথিবীক শুধুকু উল্লেখন কৰা	21	(1) the Department of Commerce;
	is the expense (we come	22	(2) the Patent and Trademark Office;
systems nec-	esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta	23	(3) the Copyright Office;
e of support-	Section 1985	24	(4) the United States Trade Representative;

1	(5) the United States Agency for International
2	Development; and
3	(6) executives of United States corporations which
4	need protection of intellectual property rights in do-
5	mestic and foreign operations, who shall be designated
6	by the Secretary after consultation with relevant indus-
7	try sector advisory committees established pursuant to
8	section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
9	2155).
10	(c) Purposes of the Institute.—
11	(1) The purpose of the Institute is to train individ-
12	uals of developing nations in both management and
13	technical skills regarding the protection of intellectual
14	property. Such training shall include individuals who
15	are involved in patent and copyright protections
16	through any government agencies dealing with such
17	protections.
18	(2) The Institute shall provide training which may
19	include—
20	(A) recommendations for enforcement of in-
21	tellectual property laws;
22	(B) guidelines for the adoption of such an in-
23	tellectual property law, provisions of a model law,
24	or suggestions for amendments to any such exist-
25	ing law: and

	•	
International	1	(C) instruction regarding the philosophy of
	2	such a law and policy considerations involved in
ations which	3	the adoption or amendment, and enforcement of
ights in do-	4	such law.
e designated	5	(d) Financing.—
evant indus-	6	(1) The Institute shall be established, supported,
pursuant to	7	and maintained by nongovernmental funds and financ-
(19 U.S.C.	8	ing. No Federal funds are authorized by this section to
	9	be appropriated to establish, support, or maintain the
	10	Institute.
rain individ-	11	(2) Nothing in this subsection may be construed to
gement and	12	preclude the Agency for International Development, or
intellectual	13	any other Federal agency or department, from partici-
iduals who	14	pating in the activities of the Institute or from making
protections	15	loans or grants to the Institute that are authorized
with such	16	under any provision of law other than this section.
	17	TITLE V—NATIONAL SECURITY
which may		5. 501. IMPORTS THAT THREATEN NATIONAL SECURITY.
	19	(a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 232 of the
nent of in-	20 Tra	de Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862) is
		ended—
uch an in-	22	(1) by striking out "Upon request" and inserting
nodel law,	23	in lieu thereof "(1) Upon request",
such exist-	24	•
CAISU-	47	(2) by striking out ", Secretary of Commerce,",

(3) by striking out "Secretary of the Treasury" 1 2 and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Commerce", (4) by striking out "within one year after receiv-3 ing an application from an interested party or other-4 5 wise beginning" and inserting in lieu thereof "by no later than the date that is 6 months after the date on 6 7 which the Secretary receives a request for an investigation under this section or on which the investigation 8 otherwise begins", and 9 (5) by adding at the end thereof the following new 10 11 paragraphs: 12 "(2)(A) The Secretary shall immediately notify the Secretary of Defense of any investigation initiated under paragraph (1) with respect to imports of an article. Upon receiving such notice, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a separate defense needs assessment with respect to such article. 17 18 "(B) By no later than the date that is 3 months after the date on which the investigation under paragraph (1) of imports of an article is initiated, the Secretary of Defense shall complete the defense needs assessment conducted under sub-22paragraph (A) with respect to such article and submit to the Secretary a report on the assessment. Such report shall be submitted by the Secretary to the President with (and be

ne Treasury"	1	considered a part of) the report that the Secretary is required
Commerce",		
after receiv-	3	"(3)(A) The report submitted by the Secretary under
rty or other-	4	paragraph (1) shall include a written statement by the Secre-
ereof "by no	5	tary of Defense expressing concurrence or disagreement with
the date on	6	the findings and recommendations of the Secretary contained
r an investi-	7	in such report and the reasons for such concurrence or dis-
investigation	8	agreement.
	9	"(B) The report submitted by the Secretary under para-
llowing new	10	graph (1), or any portion of such report (including the report
	11	submitted by the Secretary of Defense under paragraph
tify the Sec-	12	(2)(B)), may be classified only if public disclosure of such
under para-	13	report, or of such portion of such report, would clearly be
Jpon receiv-	14	detrimental to the security of the United States.
l conduct a	15	"(C) Any portion of the report submitted under para-
ct to such	16	graph (1) which—
	17	"(i) is not classified in accordance with subpara-
hs after the	18	graph (B), and
1 (1) of im-	19	"(ii) is not proprietary information described in
efense shall	20	paragraph (7)(A),
under sub-	21	shall be published in the Federal Register.
omit to the	22	"(4)(A) The President shall take action, or refuse to
rt shall be	23	take action, under paragraph (1) with respect to any report
th (and be	24	submitted under paragraph (1) by no later than the date that

1	is 90 days after the date on which such report is submitted to
2	the President.
3	"(B) The President shall make a written statement of
4	the reasons why the President has decided to take action, or
5	refused to take action, under paragraph (1) with respect to
6	each report submitted to the President under paragraph (1).
7	Such statement shall be included in the report published
8	under subsection (d).".
9	(b) CLARIFYING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (d) of sec-
10	tion 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C.
11	1862) is amended by inserting "in the Federal Register"
12	after "published".
13	TITLE VI—FORMULATION OF
14	UNITED STATES TRADE POLICY
15	SEC. 601. TRADE IMPACT STATEMENTS.
16	(a) DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY ACTIONS.—
17	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsec-
18	tion, the head of each department and agency of the
19	Federal Government shall, before taking any major
20	action that may affect international trade—
21	(A) study the potential impact such action
22	will have on—
23	(i) the international trade of the United
24	States, and

submitted to	1	(ii) the ability of United States firms to
	2	compete in foreign markets,
statement of	3	(B) prepare a detailed statement on such
ke action, or	4	study, and
th respect to	5	(C) make such statement available to the
aragraph (1).	6	public.
rt published	7	(2) In the case of emergency action, the statement
	8	required under paragraph (1)(B) may be published im-
n (d) of sec-	9	mediately after the actions affecting international trade
(19 U.S.C.	10	is taken.
l Register"	11	(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not
	12	apply with respect to actions taken under the Trading
OF	13	With The Enemy Act.
LICY	14	(4) The provisions of this subsection shall not
	15	apply to actions that are the subject of a report or con-
	`16	sultation required under the Export Administration
his subsec-	17	Act, but such a report or consultation shall include a
ency of the	18	statement on the impact such action will have on-
any major	19	(A) the international trade of the United
,,	20	States, and
uch action	21	(B) the ability of the United States to com-
	22	pete in foreign markets.
the United	23	(b) LEGISLATION.—The head of each department and
	24	agency of the Federal Government shall include with any
	25	reports or recommendations made to the Congress regarding

1	proposed legislation, a detailed statement of the impact of
2	such legislation on—
3	(1) the international trade of the United States,
4	and
5	(2) the ability of United States firms to compete
6	in foreign markets.
7	SEC. 602. NATIONAL TRADE COUNCIL.
8	(a) In General.—Section 242 of the Trade Expansion
9	Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1872) is amended to read as follows:
10	"SEC. 242. NATIONAL TRADE COUNCIL.
11	"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established in
12	the Executive Office of the President a council to be known
13	as the National Trade Council (hereafter referred to in this
14	section as the 'Council').
15	"(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed
16	of—
17	"(1) the President;
18	"(2) the Vice President;
19	"(3) the Secretary of State;
20	"(4) the Secretary of the Treasury;
21	"(5) the Secretary of Defense;
22	"(6) the Secretary of Agriculture;
23	"(7) the Secretary of Commerce;
24	"(8) the Secretary of Labor; and
25	"(9) the United States Trade Representative.

ho imm		
the impact of	1	"(c) Presidence Officer.—The President shall preside
nited States,	2	over meetings of the Council. In the President's absence, the
	3	United States Trade Representative shall preside over meet-
	4	ings of the Council.
s to compete	5	"(d) Functions.—
	6	"(1) The Council shall advise the President with
_	7	respect to the integration of national and international
le Expansion	8	policies relating to trade so as to enable the President
d as follows:	9	and the departments and agencies of the Federal Gov-
	10	ernment to cooperate more effectively in matters in-
stablished in	11	volving international trade.
to be known	12	"(2) In addition to performing such other func-
ed to in this	13	tions as the President may direct, for the purposes of
	14	more effectively coordinating the policies and functions
e composed	15	of the departments and agencies of the Federal Gov-
	16	ernment relating to international trade and making rec-
	. 17	ommendations to the President, the Council shall, sub-
	18	ject to the direction of the President—
	19	"(A) assess and appraise the international
	20	trade policies (including commodity and direct in-
	21	vestment matters) and international trade objec-
	22	tives of the United States,
	23	"(B) consider policies on matters of common
	24	interest to the departments and agencies of the
ative.		

with international	1	(b) TRADE POLICY COMMITTEE.—The Trade Policy
	1 2	Committee shall terminate on the date of enactment of this
hip between the	3	Act.
States and the	4	SEC. 603. NATIONAL TRADE DATA BANK.
United States,	5	(a) NATIONAL TRADE DATA COMMITTEE.—
	6	(1) There is hereby established the "National
the international	7	Trade Data Committee" (hereafter in this section re-
e United States	8	ferred to as the "Committee").
	9	(2) The Committee shall consist of—
Representative	10	(A) the United States Trade Representative,
Council as are	11	(B) the Commissioners of the United States
the functions of	12	International Trade Commission,
	13	(C) the Secretary of Commerce,
he functions of	14	(D) the Secretary of Agriculture,
consult with—	15	(E) the Secretary of State, and
se the depart-	16	(F) the Director of Central Intelligence.
nember is the	17	(3) The chairman of the United States Interna-
	18	tional Trade Commission shall be the chairman of the
under section	19	Committee.
2. 2155), and	20	(b) Functions.—
te sector.	21	(1) The Committee shall, through coordination of
-The Coun-	22	the actions of the agencies of the Federal Govern-
ndations and	23	ment—
nsiders to be	24	(A) establish and maintain a National Trade
•	25	Data Bank,

1	(B) provide for the analysis of information in
2	the National Trade Data Bank,
3	(C) disseminate such information in a timely
4	manner to business firms in the private sector that
5	are engaged in export related activities, and
6	(D) coordinate the gathering and dissemina-
7	tion of commercial information relating to interna-
8	tional trade by the Federal Government.
9	(2) The National Trade Data Bank which is re-
10	quired to be established under paragraph (1) may con-
11	sist of economic and trade data collected by the Feder-
12	al Government, including (but not limited to)—
13	(A) information on each foreign country such
14	as—
15	(i) the general economic conditions and
16	demographics,
17	(ii) common business practices,
18	(iii) tariffs and trade barriers, and
19	(iv) other laws and regulations regard-
20	ing imports and licensing;
21	(B) information on specific industrial sectors
22	within each foreign country such as-
23	(i) size of the market,
24	(ii) distribution of products,
25	(iii) competition,

nformation in	1	(iv) applicable laws, regulations, specifi-
	2	cations, and standards,
1 in a timely	3	(v) consultants,
e sector that	4	(vi) appropriate government officials,
s, and	5	and
d dissemina-	6	(vii) trade associations;
g to interna-	7	(C) information on specific business opportu-
nt.	8	nities in each foreign country;
which is re-	9	(D) general import and export data for the
1) may con-	10	United States and for each foreign country;
y the Feder-	11	(E) industry specific import and export data
o)—	12	for each foreign country;
ountry such	13	(F) product and service specific import and
	14	export data for the United States;
nditions and	15	(G) market penetration ratios for imports to
	16	the United States and country of origin for im-
3 S ,	17	ports to the United States;
, and	18	(H) rank ordered national destinations for ex-
ons regard-	19	ports of the United States;
	20	(I) exchange rates of all foreign currencies;
rial sectors	21	(J) market research, including industry and
	22	demographic trends for each foreign country with
	23	lists of marketing contacts and lists of foreign
	24	firms;

1	(K) product and process patent, copyright,
2	trademark, and mask work (within the meaning of
3	section 901 of title 17, United States Code) infor-
4	mation for each nation for at least the 2 most
5	recent years;
6	(L) general labor market information;
7	(M) internationally comparable wage rates;
8	(N) foreign and domestic-
9	(i) unemployment rates;
10	(ii) availability of skilled and profession-
11	al workers;
12	(iii) hiring and firing restrictions; and
13	(iv) labor productivity trends;
14	(O) comparative international tax rate infor-
15	mation;
16	(P) export financing information, including
17	the availability of funds for United States export-
18	ers and foreign competitors;
19	(Q) information regarding the trade actions of
20	foreign governments;
21	(R) information concerning capital markets,
22	interest rates, and the cost and availability of
23	capital;

t, copyright,	1	(S) National Input and Output Tables com-
e meaning of	2	piled by the Department of Commerce for the
Code) infor-	3	United States and other nations; and
the 2 most	4	(T) any other information that the Commit-
	5	tee determines to be useful in carrying out the
tion;	6	purposes of this section.
age rates;	. 7	(3) The National Trade Data Bank which is re-
	8	quired to be established under paragraph (1) shall—
	9	(A) be designed to utilize state-of-the-art
1 profession-	10	data processing and retrieval equipment in moni-
	11	toring, organizing, analyzing, and disseminating
ons; and	12	the information described in paragraph (2),
;	13	(B) use the most effective and meaningful
rate infor-	14	means of organizing and making such information
	15	available to—
ı, including	16	(i) United States business firms,
ates export-	17	(ii) United States workers,
	18	(iii) United States industry associations,
e actions of	19	(iv) United States agricultural interests,
·	20	(v) State and local economic develop-
al markets,	21	ment agencies, and
ilability of	22	(vi) other interested United States per-
	23	sons who could benefit from such informa-
	24	tion, and

1	(C) be of such quality and in such form as to
2	assist coordinated trade strategies for the United
3	States.
4	(4) The National Trade Data Bank established
5	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—
6	(A) collect and disseminate—
7	(i) information on service sector eco-
8	nomic activity that is at least as complete
9	and timely as information on economic activi-
10	ty in the merchandise sector, and
11	(ii) a broad base of monthly information
12	on the service sector of the economy, and
13	(B) provide—
14	(i) a new benchmark survey of unaffili-
15	ated service transactions, including (but not
16	limited to)—
17	(I) banking services,
18	(II) computer software services,
19	(III) brokerage services,
20	(IV) transportation services,
21	(V) travel services,
22	(VI) engineering services, and
23	(VII) construction services, and
24	(ii) an index of leading indicators which
25	includes measurement of service sector activ

form as to	1	ity in direct proportion to the contribution o
the United	. 2	the service sector to the gross national prod
	3	uct of the United States.
established	4	(5) The National Trade Data Bank established
	5	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not include any infor-
	6	mation—
ector eco-	7	(A) which is collected by the Federal Gov-
3 complete	8	ernment in connection with any investigation, and
mic activi-	9	(B) the disclosure of which to the public is
	10	prohibited under any other provision of law.
nformation	11	(6) In carrying out the provisions of this section,
ny, and	12	the Committee shall consult with—
	13	(A) advisory committees established under
of unaffili-	14	section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
g (but not	15	2155), and
	16	(B) other representatives of the private
	17	sector.
rvices,	18	(c) COOPERATION.—Each Federal department and
	19	agency shall cooperate with the Committee by making infor-
es,	20	mation available for assimilation into the National Trade
	21	Data Bank.
, and	22	(d) REPORTS.—By no later than December 31 of each
s, and	23	calendar year, the Committee shall submit a report to
ors which	24	Congress—
ctor activ-		

1	(A) assessing the current quality, comprehensive-
2	ness, and public and private accessibility of trade data;
3	(B) describing actions taken pursuant to this sec-
4	tion, particularly—
5	(i) actions taken during the 3-month period
6	beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to
7	provide the new benchmark survey described in
8	subsection (b)(4)(B)(i), and
9	(ii) action taken during the 1-year period be-
10	ginning on the date of enactment of this Act to
11	provide the information on services described in
12	subparagraphs (A) and (B)(ii) of subsection (b)(4).
13	(C) describing actions planned to be taken pursu-
14	ant to this section;
15	(D) recommending executive and legislative ac-
16	tions which would ensure that United States citizens
17	and firms obtain access to the data banks of foreign
18	countries that is similar to the access provided foreign
19	citizens and firms to the National Trade Data Bank es-
20	tablished pursuant to subsection (b)(1); and
21	(E) recommending other legislative actions which
22	further the purposes of this section.
23	(e) COORDINATION WITH OFFICE OF INFORMATION.—
24	Section 3518 of title 44, United States Code, is amended by
25	adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

		100
nprehensive-	1	"(f) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply with
trade data;	2 res	spect to—
to this sec-	3	"(1) economic and trade data described in section
	4	603(b) of the Omnibus Trade Act of 1986 and any
onth period	5	other economic or trade data which the National Trade
this Act to	6	Data Committee determines to include in the National
lescribed in	7	Trade Data Bank established under section 603(b)(1) of
	8	such Act,
· period be-	9	"(2) any actions taken by the National Trade
this Act to	10	Data Committee under the authority of section 603 of
escribed in	11	such Act, and
etion (b)(4).	12	"(3) any actions taken by any officers or employ-
ken pursu-	13	ees of the Federal Government in cooperating with re-
	14	quests made by the National Trade Data Committee
slative ac-	15	for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of sec-
es citizens	16	tion 603 of such Act.".
of foreign	17	TITLE VII—AGRICULTURE
led foreign	18 SE	C. 701. CRISIS IN AGRICULTURAL TRADE.
ı Bank es-	19	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
	20	(1) United States agricultural exports declined by
ons which	21	more than 37 percent since 1981, from \$43.8 billion
	22	per year to \$27.5 billion per year;
ATION.—	23	(2) the United States' market share of agricultural
nended by	24	commodities and products has dropped worldwide by
on:	25	28 percent during the last 5 years;
		· ,